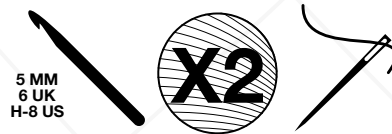


Edda Bag

Bag: (bǎg) n.

A container of flexible material, such as paper, plastic, or leather, that is used for carrying or storing items.



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YOU WILL NEED

- 2 skeins of The Pima Cotton from We Are Knitters (100g)
- One 5 mm / H-8 US / 6 UK hook
- One sewing needle to finish and connect your pieces

These are the stitches and techniques you'll need to complete this project:

1. Chains
2. Single crochet*
3. Work into chain space*
4. Skip stitches*
5. Work in spiral*
6. Decrease*
7. Weave ends in and finish

** These techniques are explained in the introduction.*

Tutorials for many of these stitches and techniques can be found on our website, make sure to watch them and practice.



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GAUGE

Take time to save time! Spend 10 minutes making your sample ahead of time, to prevent having to adjust your pattern after you've already begun, which can take hours or days to change, especially if you have to start over completely.

The tension sample is the tension recommended for your project. It is very important to make a tension sample in a 10x10 cm (4"x4") area, where you can count the number of rows and stitches that fit in order to ensure that your tension is correct for the project. With this method, your measurements will correspond with the specifications in the schematic.

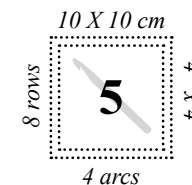
If your sample is smaller than recommended, try to knit more loosely. If your sample is larger than recommended, try to knit more tightly.

Ultimately, knitting is an art, not a science and you aren't a machine; so it's normal to have a small variation of 1-3 cm in the end.

You can find more information about creating a tension sample in our blog post "HOW TO MEASURE A TENSION SAMPLE" that you will find on our web site weareknitters.com

CROCHET THE GAUGE IN:

LACE STITCH



INTRODUCTION

This project is crocheted in one piece widthwise. Once finished a border and handles are added worked in spiral.

Before beginning it is important that you know how to do the following techniques:

Single crochet: insert the crochet hook into the stitch of the previous row as indicated in the pattern, yarn over. Draw yarn through chain and up onto the working area of the crochet hook. You now have two loops on the hook. Again, yarn over and draw yarn through both loops on the crochet hook. To start a row in single crochet you need to chain 1.

Work into the chain space: chain spaces are formed by one or more chains on a row. To work into a chain space, formed by chains from the previous row, insert your hook into the space below the stitches.

Skip stitches: to skip a stitch do not work into the stitch of the previous row.

Work in spiral: to work in spiral do not turn your work. When you finish a row continue working in the same direction into the first stitch of the previous row.

Decrease in single crochet: to decrease you have to close 2 stitches together as if they were one, this means: insert the hook into the first stitch, yarn over and draw yarn through. You will have two loops on the hook. Insert your hook into the next stitch, yarn over and draw yarn through. You will have three loops on the hook. Yarn over and draw yarn through the remaining loops on the hook.

START CROCHETING

1. Chain 116 chains with your WAK crochet hook.

2. Work rows 1 to 35 in lace stitch as follows:

Row 1: work 1 single crochet into the 8th chain from your hook. *Chain 5, skip 3 chains, work 1 single crochet into the next chain*. Repeat from * to * until the end of the row. Turn your work.

Rows 2 to 34: *chain 5, work 1 single crochet into the chain space*. Repeat from * to * until the end of the row. Turn your work.

Row 35: *chain 4, work 1 single crochet into the chain space*. Repeat from * to * until the end of the row.

3. Now we are going to work the border of the bag. To do so, turn your work 90°, so that the left side is now on top. Without cutting the yarn, continue crocheting in this direction for rows 1 to 6, as follows:

Row 1: work 1 single crochet into the chain space. You will have a total of 17 stitches. The border will be gathered to form the shape of the bag.

3. Row 1



Rows 2 to 6: turn your work, work the 17 stitches in single crochet*.

**Attention! At the beginning of a row in single crochet stitch you have to chain 1. This chain counts as the first single crochet stitch in the row.*

4. Cut the yarn and repeat step 3 on the other side of the bag. When you finish this side do not cut the yarn, you will continue working with the same yarn.



5. Now we will finish shaping the bag by crocheting the other two sides and the handles. To do so work in single crochet in spiral as follows:

Round 1: *work 5 single crochets (1 in each of the rows of the border that you just crocheted), 2 single crochets in each chain space, 5 single crochets along the side of the other border. You will have 66 stitches on this side. Chain 60*. Skip the 17 stitches on the top, repeat from * to * on the other side of the bag. We recommend placing a stitch marker in the first stitch of each round to know where the round begins.

Round 2: skip the 17 border stitches, work 21 stitches in single crochet, beginning with the first stitch of the previous. *Work 12 decreases, work 21 stitches in single crochet, work 60 single crochets into the chain space*. Work 21 stitches in single crochet and repeat from * to *.

Rounds 3 to 6: work 1 single crochet into each single crochet, beginning directly above the first stitch of the previous round.

6. Once you have finished crocheting the 6 rounds, cut the yarn leaving a 3 inch (15 cm) tail and pull the yarn out through the last stitch.

JOIN AND FINISH

Once you have finished knitting the bag it will look like the image in the diagram.

To finish, make a knot and weave in the tail end of yarn about 3 inches, cut off even with the fabric. Weave in any loose ends in the same way.



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